APPENDIX C: TRANSCRIPTS OF PARTICIPANT'S INTERVIEWS

1	Participant 1- transcript
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3	Interviewer: Okay, please tell me roughly what year did you complete your TEFL?
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5	Participant 1: I did two TEFLs, I completed the first in 2006 and the second
6	about 2012.
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8	Interviewer: Roughly how many hours were the TEFLs for?
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10	Participant 1: The first one was only 60 because that was the requirement
11	back then for 60 hours and the second one was for 120 hours.
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13	Interviewer: Okay perfect and we're they both online?
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15	Participant 1: Yes, both were online.
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17	Interviewer: Okay and please describe your first few months of teaching, after
18	the TEFL.
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20	Participant 1: In China?
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22	Interviewer: Yes
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24	Participant 1: okay uh first few months of teaching in China was very
25	hectic because I had to change a lot of my plans. Because they didn't prepare
26	me enough for what was actually needed for the class.
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28	Interviewer: Okay and um can you comment on how they prepared you for
29	actually teaching English like the grammar and the phonics and the actual
30	English side of it.
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32	Participant 1: I did my TEFL after I got to China so I was already in China
33	teaching and then I decided to do a TEFL and the first TEFL there was a lot of
34	grammar to do. A lot of grammar tests where you would sit down and you would

have like an hour or something and you would have so many questions to answer um and they give you some reading to do and you'd do some assignments on it. Some topics on classroom management. Quite a lot of grammar. That was the main thing.

Interviewer: okay so they taught you the grammar um did they teach you how to use it in the classroom, how to teach it actually.

Participant 1: Uh, not really, no. And it wasn't especially that the grammar was taught. They told you... they gave you the information... basically... you taught yourself so that's the thing with the online thing, cause it's not especially... you didn't get a lot of tutoring that's the one thing I noticed, for TEFL you don't get a lot of tutoring, What you do is... they give you the information to pass. They give you all the information, you read it through, you digest it, take it in and then you use it. And in that way you will pass the... certificate.

Interviewer: Okay and how did they prepare you for the culture, like the culture of the students, the culture of the teachers, the culture of China itself, like how did you feel prepared for that?

 Participant 1: Um, it didn't prepare me at all. It's completely lacking the cultural aspect. I guess because the tutor is in another country teaching many different students in different countries so they don't really specify about culture. They take culture completely out of the context. It's not even in there. You just have to experience and adjust yourself.

Interviewer: Okay, what would you say the objective of a TEFL would be? Why, are they there, what are they done for?

Participant 1: Personally speaking I think TEFL is just to show you have a certain level of competency to think on your feet and adjust. That's the main thing, I mean when teaching you have to think on your feet be able to take in information and adjust it. I mean it doesn't really matter if you are teaching history, English literature, English language or English kindergarten. I mean the

idea is that, the TEFL is just there to show a person's competency in life whether they can take in information or not and use it.

Interviewer: And do you think they achieved this objective?

Participant 1: Um, for that purpose yes. For other purposes as in actually teaching... um... no. To be honest, there is a lot more, there is a lot more things I would like to see in a TEFL online course.

Interviewer: such as...

 Participant 1: such as age-specific courses so if I am going to teach kindergarten maybe something in terms of kindergarten, if I am teaching university. So that's one thing, so in terms of the age range. The second would be whether the subject I am teaching cause maybe I come and I want to teach literature or I want to teach um PE or something like this they could be more divided in that way. Um... The other things would be ... uh again culture like you suggested, um just... management, classroom management could be improved on, it was a lot of theory, there wasn't enough teaching involved in how to actually deal with different students. It just tells you, there is a passage on classroom management but it's very... broad. So it could be more detailed maybe more one-to-one teaching, like a video course on that.

Interviewer: okay great and then um... the online part of it, um you said you did it online, would you say that you found it user-friendly? Let's talk about the newer one, the 2012 one.

Participant 1: Uh yes... The newer one was a lot more user-friendly because of course the internet is a lot faster um had a lot more resources which is better obviously back in 2005 when I first started learning it was slow, and they didn't have as many resources. So the good thing is they had a lot of resources in that way, of course, the bad thing is being in China ... some resources like YouTube and this are blocked. So you know you can't exactly watch videos that they are recommending because ... you know obviously they are blocked so you have to

try think of a way around it so you can't do everything, so when you tell them oh I can't do this they will say find a VPN uh I don't have a VPN so... anyway resources was good um and still not enough tutoring I would say you really need to know how to be a teacher that's a totally different thing. And I know everybody has there own style but.. as a general thing they should walk into the classroom, there are things you need to know.

Interviewer: And did you feel supported during your um during your TEFL? Do you feel like you got enough support?

Participant 1: Um I got a lot of support, enough support... umm... they replied quickly and it was very... very straight to the point which was good. Um... sometimes things were unclear but in general... yes I would say... mmmm yes and no [laugh].

Interviewer: okay great and any like final suggestions that you would give to like a TEFL company on how to improve these courses.

Participant 1: TEFL company, uh yes. One thing I'd say is make your notarisation and legalisation areas very clear on your website. Or make it so that they can be notarised anywhere or in China or in the country they're in, that's the first thing. Second thing, teachers who are in the specific country you are in, if you are in China have a TEFL teacher who is in China, who knows China. um, what else, um TEFL course needs to be... more motivational, I think it's just, it's very just, very simply laid out, do this and it starts slowly and it's easy to get into that's good, but it's not especially.. it doesn't really motivate you to be a teacher, and it doesn't tell you the positives and negatives of being a teacher. Also, like I find a lot of TEFL websites have jobs but honestly speaking they don't have the better jobs. And also they don't tell you how to get better, how to improve. So if you want to be a, obviously when you are a TEFL teacher in China, there is always that limit, it doesn't matter where you are it's all around the same pay, where as you want to know where ther ones you can move up, wheter you worked there five years or whatever. They don't have any suggestion like that, so there's no growth. You're just set, TEFL teacher you get paid this much this

much this much [moves a flat hand, palm down, horizontally from left to right] done. So, pay and job titles you know, obviously you want to move up, you don't, maybe you don't just want to be a teacher, you want to be a headteacher or... one day principal I don't know... There needs to be room for movement, we don't just want to do... I know TEFL has a masters but what's after the masters? And how's it going to be helpful? So... my friend, obviously [friend's name] has, has a master in TEFL right so he gets paid higher, slightly, but he's still in the same range [hand gesture again]. He is not really moving up, um. What else with TEFL? There is a lot of grammar, but it's not **focused**... it's not **class** focused. Like, there is a subject on the grammar and you do lots of grammar and there is a subject on management, classroom management but there's not... um... how to use this much of the grammar [index finger and thumb held parallel with a gap in between] in a class and this much [index finger and thumb held parallel with a gap in between] in this class. It's very... like you should know this, you should know this but they don't put them together. So I think it's really missing that. So for most teachers, especially when I see new teachers, I've been teaching fifteen years, in China, uh and two years in England, and uh I just find that, I can see the new teachers from the teacher who have been here for like three, four years and you know there is no help, there's no support system after your TEFL. Especially.

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Interviewer: Okay, perfect.

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Participant 1: That's quite a long part, yeah [laughs]

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Interviewer: No, it's perfect I think I have everything, thanks so much.

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Participant 3- transcript

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Interviewer: Okay, so. Roughly what year did you complete your TEFL?

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Participant 3: Um by complete you mean finished completely? Or... Ok... So I started in 2010 and I did probably 80 hours and a weekend course and then I just gave up... because I already had a job I didn't need to finish it and then two

171 or three years later my boss said you have to do 120 hours. So I paid a little bit more to finish the 120 hours. 172 173 174 Interviewer: Okay so what year did you, would you say you finished it? 175 Participant 3: 2012, 2013 somewhere around there. I can't remember the year. 176 177 178 Interviewer: That's roughly that's okay. And you said that you finished it for a hundred and twenty hours. 179 180 Participant 3: Yeah. 181 182 Interviewer: And was it all online. 183 184 Participant 3: Ah... No there was a weekend like 20-hour training thingy. Yeah... 185 like classroom setting... Not online. 186 187 Interviewer: Okay. And... How would you describe your first months of teaching 188 189 abroad? 190 191 Participant 3: Completely not... Anything like what... it'd readied me for, um I was teaching in this school um in South Korea, teaching middle school and 192 193 elementary school um it was all new and exciting but... I got thrown in the deep 194 end on day one. You will teach in an hour. What will you teach? And... Um I wasn't really prepared for anything on day one. So that was sort of the... Oh 195 196 crap. Invent a lesson within an hour which happens to be an amazing lesson 197 that I've used again and again. But... it sort of. Yeah. From day one it's sort of a bit nerve-wracking because you didn't really know what to expect. And every 198 school is different. And the previous teachers, previous two teachers, had been 199 fired from my public school. So that was a bit nerve-wracking. So yeah. 200 201 202 Interviewer: Okay and so my next question was were you prepared? And said that you felt like you weren't. Um the TEFL with the Grammar and phonics and 203 204 like English particulars. Do you think you were prepared to teach that?

205 206 Participant 3: Um., I, to be honest, I haven't taught any grammar. I don't think I... 207 I pick up on the words and vocabulary and like expand what they already have 208 but I don't feel it is my role as a native English speaker to teach grammar. So I 209 haven't... only through the books that the school particularly wants you to teach, 210 have I taught grammar. It's normally actually up to the local teacher, the normal 211 English teacher. 212 213 Interviewer: OK, and like classroom management and discipline. Did you feel 214 that the TEFL prepared you for that? 215 216 Participant 3: Uhm... [pause]... I think they tried. But the way they... they sort of 217 talk about the classroom is; everybody in your classroom really wants to be 218 there and they really ...they're really excited about learning English. And in all 219 honesty, um you've got about three kids in your class that actually want to be 220 there, the rest actually have to be there particularly in elementary, middle and 221 high school. University is a different, university and polytech 222 is different... but there is a lot of the class, a major chunk of the class 223 that have to be there as opposed to want to be there. And that is where you find 224 the discipline problems. So yeah. 225 226 Interviewer: Okay and how do you think they prepared you for the culture, so 227 you said you were teaching in Korea first, so the culture the Korean students, 228 the Korean teachers, the Korean like Korea in general, how did you feel 229 prepared for that? 230 231 Participant 3: I don't think we were. I think, the lady, who taught us had taught in 232 Spain I think so ...um... her experience was completely different to ours. And 233 she had taught adults. So um we, I wasn't really prepared for Korean culture, 234 Korean language, Korean schools. I was fresh and new and really had no clue 235 what I was doing. [laugh] I couldn't even figure out where Korea was on the map

when we got the job. Sort of said, Oh it's there, okay yeah [laughs].

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Interviewer: [laughs] OK. Perfect. Um... What would you say the objective of a TEFL is like why does someone need to do it?

Participant 3: Um... I know that a lot of like industries and a lot of countries expect some sort of basic knowledge. And [pause] I think they've just sort of decided there is this sort of something physical like a piece of paper that we, you know, we can put a stamp. Have they done this piece of paper? Yes, okay, they've got some sort of training. Um... Whether it's relevant or not, if you've done young teaching, young children. It is totally irrelevant to teaching them in reality. Um, [laughs] And yeah I pretty much not used a single thing from my TEFL but the weekend stuff gave me confidence. So with the weekend not the online stuff with the weekend training gave me the confidence to be the teacher that I am. So that's sort of [laughs]...

Interviewer: OK. And do you think this objective was achieved? You said to give some sort of basic knowledge, was it achieved through the TEFL?

Participant 3: It gave you some basic knowledge. But I think it also... for me it actually made me a bit more nervous to realize how little I know about my own language that I speak and I don't think about where the noun and what the hell is a gerund? I don't think about these things, when I'm speaking I just know from experience that word goes in that order in that sentence. So as a native English speaker we don't actually think a lot about structure of sentences and structure of words. So, I think that it sort of made me go; Oh my God I can't do this, you know as opposed to; oh this is easy. So that was the hardest thing.

Interviewer: Okay, and now, specifically the online part of it. Would you say that this course was user-friendly?

Participant 3: Yeah, I would for what I remember of it um it was sort of like reading through lots of information which had been written in a way that you could understand it easy. And then completing small tests and assignments at the end. So as you go through you actually were checking that you understood what you were doing. Um... so yes it actually it was fine. It just I feel that, I still

272 feel like I could fail those courses if I hadn't done the same day as I was doing 273 the test. If you go back to it. So, yeah. 274 Interviewer: Okay and do you feel like you were supported enough? 275 276 277 Participant 3: Um [pause] I don't really know [laugh] 278 279 Interviewer: Did you like, get feedback on your like assignments? 280 281 Participant 3: Yeah we did get a little bit of feedback I remember um [pause] 282 yeah I was doing it with my husband, you know together. So I think we talked 283 about things together a lot more than asking others for help. So it was more like, 284 oh how did you approach this? or what did you said about that? So we were 285 going through this course together. Um... so I sort of feel like that sort of 286 eliminates the need for a third party to help. 287 288 Interviewer: Okay that makes sense, um... If you had to give any suggestions to 289 the TEFL companies that do these certifications, what would, would you have 290 any for them? 291 292 Participant 3: [deep breath out] um... I don't know. I think it's essential that you 293 do um an in-class part. I think um that will actually help you understand 294 who you are as a teacher. It's all well and good reading a book but if you have 295 to get up in front of someone and try and sort of implement what you've learned. 296 I think that, you know, that's the hardest thing, you know, actually being 297 confident enough to do that. And if you can do that in and amongst your peers 298 who all speak the same language, then you realize; hmmm ok, you know, 299 I can do this. So yeah it sort of gives you the confidence and also helps you find 300 out where your strengths and your weaknesses are. And I think particularly ours 301 we did a lot of teaching in groups and got a lot of ideas from each other and a lot 302 of support. So like some of the people we're still in contact with and have seen 303 where they're going what they're doing. So yeah. 304

Interviewer: OK. And the online part, would you give any... feedback.

307 Participant 3: Ummm nah, it was simple easy to use is just I think yeah it's, 308 written from the ideal perspective of a classroom of sixteen students or twelve students who really really want to be there and are motivated to learn. And I 309 310 think that's, that is not reality for 90 per cent of people teaching, that you know, 90 per cent of your students are **not** going to want to be there and not wanting 311 to learn and you're **not** going to have a small class and you're going to have 312 discipline issues and you're going to have students sleeping. I think that may be 313 314 as important to deal with classroom management a bit more in these courses and how to deal was some actual nitty-gritty. How to deal with a student who's 315 316 sleeping what can you do. Um and give lots of different advice and that sort of sense because I think they give you how to teach but not how to teach. Yeah 317 318 more like what to teach. How to teach this part but not how to actually control 319 the environment within your classroom. Yeah. 320 321 Interviewer: OK. Thank you so much. 322 323 Participant 4- transcript 324 Interviewer: So. Roughly what year did you complete your TEFL? 325 326 327 Participant 4: I completed it in 2018. 328 Interviewer: All right. And how many hours was it for was for? 329 330 331 Participant 4: was for 130 hours 332 333 Interviewer: Okay and how much of it was online? 334 335 Participant 4: a hundred per cent of it. 336

Interviewer: Ok can you please describe your first few months of teaching

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abroad.

Participant 4: Um. Very intimidating. I would say, um in terms of the TEFL though because the TEFL doesn't really, um prepare you for the class experience. I would say, um the 100 per cent TEFL doing it online is um quite different to what you would actually experience in class. But you get used to it as with all things that you do. So... first couple of months quite nerve-racking then got used to it. Then you know it actually becomes quite enjoyable though. So yeah that's I think that's the basic description of the first few months, yeah.

Interviewer: Okay and how do you think TEFL prepared you for like teaching phonics or teaching grammar? Actually teaching English.

Participant 4: Actually teaching English. I would say, in terms of, what to teach. Very well. Like the grammar, and the phonics, the basis of what to teach is there. This is definitely it's well done. In terms of how to teach that is something that also you know, it comes with experience, I would say that the method that you need to use to teach. Um specifically I think with the school, the one that I was at. The methods that they used, the methods that the kids were used to. Are not necessarily taught within TEFL because there are so many different methods. I think. Um, and also using a method is much different to actually being taught about a method. I would say, say for instance you use a game to teach something. Listening and reading about it seems quite easy and straight forward. You know what you're doing, but having to actually apply it in a classroom with kids. Some of them are running about, some of them are not listening. Some of them are yelling and they are so excited about this lesson. To bring all of that together is much more challenging than just reading about the method. I hope that description was not too long.

Interviewer: No, it was perfect. And classroom management?

Participant 4: Hmmm [pause] I think the TEFL is adequate in terms of describing what you could expect. But again. It's the hands-on experience of actually going into the class and then. Being in contact with the kids and then there's many different kids. I mean so the TEFL brilliantly outlines specific problems. And then you would use this type of method to deal with it. But what happens in a

classroom when all of this all of the problems are present at the same time. That's where it gets difficult. That's where the TEFL, I don't think in any way will be able to prepare you for. Except if you actually do a practical, do a class. If technology could advance where you would do like a virtual classroom even. Where all of these issues are simultaneously running where you would have to like scramble and deal with them. Like an actual classroom then I think TEFL would definitely be, preparing you much better. I think you, yeah.

Interviewer: Okay and like the culture of the students, and the co-teachers and the whole of China, how do you think you were prepared for that?

Participant 4: [pause] By the TEFL... um... No I don't think the TEFL goes into too much detail about a specific culture that you are going to teach within. The culture, let's say specifically, the Chinese culture to teach within, is a lot different than the school that I was used to, that I went to. It's a lot more different than what you would expect growing from a, sort like your, mindset is already, you know, made up and... it's your high school or university mindset and then all of a sudden going into... the classroom of the kids. No, it's not just the Chinese culture. It's also the culture of the kids. I would say, like you know they are still behaving differently they are still growing they are still learning. And then. It's based within the larger culture that is the Chinese culture and the teachers I mean that the environment that they create. So a TEFL preparing you for that culture. No. But not that it's a bad thing, I think. Being open-ended that question that's been open-ended. That's a TEFL didn't necessarily answer. It's maybe not a bad thing because you go there with an open mind, open experience and then everything is new you discover. So I don't think that's something that TEFL really needs to prepare you for. But it could help. I don't know. There might be some things in there that they could include, yeah.

Interviewer: So would you say you were prepared to be a teacher after the TEFL.

Participant 4: Overall I would say, yes. But there's a lot more that needs to be done if you are going to say that TEFL is the only thing that you need to teach. I

think there's a lot of room for improvement. One is, I would almost go as far and say; that a practical class has to be mandatory for you to get your TEFL. Almost in my opinion. That needs to be done, because... the preparation that you need to do in terms of for a real class is **much** different that you do for a scenario that you would be given in your TEFL exam. Um, yeah. A question that you ask of your friends. I mean their help is almost **as** valuable as a TEFL. In my opinion, their support. So I think there are definitely [pause] spaces within the TEFL that can be upgraded, can be added to, can be expanded. To make it a more robust certificate, if you want, and a more robust preparation of **actually** doing, you know teaching, these young kids in a specific country in a specific culture, yeah. Overall I think that's how I feel about the TEFL, yeah.

Interviewer: So you say they need to have practical classes, but you said there is also other things that they need to improve on. Could you mention some of those, do you have anything in mind, like other things that they need to improve on?

Participant 4: Um... so yeah... um. One thing that I found a little bit difficult from TEFL is, the TEFL describes teaching methods. So let's say, using flashcards, and then it describes a couple of other methods of how to use it but I found that actually using the stuff that the TEFL taught me, to use it a classroom is a much better way of learning how to teach. Let's say the scenario is you're going to teach. A couple of nouns, let's say animals and you're gonna use flashcards to teach the animals. I would say that if the TEFL had a mandatory practical within it and then you're going to say okay this is my scenario you wrote out your essay you wrote out your lesson plan and now you have to go present that. Present that specific lesson in a practical. You go and you make your flashcards or you download them from wherever.. You prepare your lesson, you go through your lesson, you have naughty kids in your class, you have, let's say another teacher your class as well. All of these things that, are real in the classroom if you can have that in a practical as well. That's sort of the best preparation you could have before walking into the first class on the first day. I would believe, in terms of real-world application of what you're going to do before you actually

enter the classroom. That's what I think, yeah. A little bit of a short-coming in the TEFL.

Interviewer: Great, what would you say the objective of a TEFL is? What are they trying to achieve?

Participant 4: What they're trying to achieve is definitely to, one lay a base of the basic English that they're going to teach and then at the end trying to give you as much tools and methods to be actually, to be able to, carry over that knowledge in a classroom. Now, yes that's good theoretical knowledge. I think that purpose is well fit for a TEFL, give you the tools and then you know how to apply them. So in terms of the purpose of a TEFL I think that's fine. How far it actually goes. That's another question.

Interviewer: So that is my next question. Do you think they achieve it? [laugh]

 Participant 4: [laugh] yeah... Ummm... I would say if you're looking at me specifically, because that was my, you know, I took my TEFL I used my knowledge and my studying that I did and to actually go and teach. The TEFL, like just, just, [holding thumb and index fingers parallel with a gap between] I would say, does it. It gives you just enough courage to actually go ahead and move to another country and then do it, it just it gives you just enough courage to walk into that first classroom. But as I said, one the practical, two your friends that can help you. People that have actually taught, people who are actually teachers, who know this stuff. Working through the actual issues in a classroom. If that in any way can be incorporated within a TEFL, then it'll be the best qualification that anyone could need before going into teaching English as a foreign language. If they're not, you know, if they're not a dedicated teacher. I mean like a full-time teacher for the rest of their lives. They don't have a teaching degree, the next best thing would be a TEFL, if it could incorporate all of those things. Yeah.

Interviewer: Ok, perfect. The online part of it would you say that it was user-friendly?

474 Participant 4: Yes, yes, yes. The online is definitely user-friendly. It's very well 475 476 thought through. It's concise, well laid-out. The exams are guite clear. Yes. So 477 the online version of being taught, this TEFL certificate and being taught how to teach English, is a good way to do it. I wholly agree with being taught online and 478 being left to your own devices to know how quickly you're going to do it, how in-479 480 depth are going to do it. All of that is placed on you. Which is fine. And the way 481 that they've created a tool so that you can study is 100 per cent. I totally agree. 482 It's a great system. I believe. 483 Interviewer: And do feel that you were supported, throughout the whole TEFL? 484 485 By the actual TEFL people? The admin. 486 487 Participant 4: I would say, yes. If I had to... seek advice or help while doing the 488 TEFL. I believe they would be there to answer those questions because the response that I received when I submitted my final essay and my final lesson 489 490 plan was guite guick and the response was guite concise and nicely laid out. The only reason, I didn't actually ask for any help during the studying so but I do 491 492 believe I feel that their response, and their help, and the assistance, is available when you would ask for it. Yep. 493 494 495 Interviewer: Okay, perfect. I have no more questions. Thank you so much. 496 497 Participant 5 transcript 498 Interviewer: All right, so roughly, what year did you complete your TEFL? 499 500 501 Participant 5: 2010 accurately. [laughs] 502 Interviewer: Right, [laughs]. And how many hours is it for? 503 504 505 Participant 5: [Pause] It was one hundred and twenty-hour certificate. Which I

completed 80 hours initially and took three years to complete the final 40

507 hours. The reason being that it came with the quote-unquote 'guaranteed job placement' and we got the job placements very, very soon after starting. And the 508 509 final modules were, I can't remember exactly, but one was young learners and 510 we found the job we'd got it wasn't applicable to that job. So we didn't finish it. 511 Thinking, we're not going to need it and we're only doing this for one year. And 512 we've already got the job. So eighty hours initially. Yeah and a hundred and twenty hours total. So long-winded answer 513 514 Interviewer: And uh was it all online? 515 516 Participant 5: No. It was a hundred hours online and a 20-hour in-class 517 518 constituent. 519 520 Interviewer: Perfect. And could you please describe your first few months of 521 teaching abroad. 522 523 Participant 5: Um, a mixture between disastrous and completely overwhelmed. 524 Um, no that's about it disastrous and completely and overwhelmed or 525 overwhelming. [laugh] 526 527 Interviewer: [laugh] All right., okay. And how do you feel the TEFL um prepared 528 you for teaching English. So the grammar for instance. 529 530 531 Participant 5: Um... I feel the 20 hour in class was fantastic. I wish it'd been one hundred and twenty hours in class. That prepared me simply because it was 532 more of a real-world experience. The teacher who we had, um I remember 533 specifically she did one day where she was teaching us Spanish, I think, which 534 everyone in New Zealand or everyone in that class had no concept of. And so 535 she taught us Spanish without using a single word of English. So it was all how 536 you use props, how you can actually communicate without using spoken 537

language. And that helped immensely... because we actually saw how it could

be done. The rest of it not so much a lot of it was very... Technical... I found the

online stuff not so much. I think the only thing that I've used was like lesson

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planning and how to sort of structure a lesson. Um... There was a lot of very detailed stuff which was good for, I guess, remembering English... like grammar and so forth, but it's stuff that I've never taught. And in fact in Korea where I went first, foreigners were **forbidden** from teaching they were like you cannot teach this. So a lot of it was wasted but that's just on my experience. Some people might have found it very useful, so.

Interviewer: Okay and things like discipline and classroom management. How did the TEFL prepare you for that?

Participant 5: Zero. None... at all. I think there was a module on it but until you're in a classroom setting it's impossible especially I've never been a teacher. Done nothing like it. It was impossible to **visualize** what it could be how you could fix it. Um... And especially Korea you are meant to have a Korean teacher in class with you at all times. It's a legal requirement. So technically speaking they do the classroom management and you do the English speaking which sometimes that happens sometimes it didn't but the certificate didn't **really** prepare at all for that.

Interviewer: Okay and things like culture so like the culture, the culture of the students, the culture of the classroom, the culture of Korea. How were you prepared for that?

Participant 5: Not at all. [laughs] Um... A certificate. There's so many different countries. I don't think they can possibly do every culture cause they are all so different. Even Korea to China. But... maybe I remember talking about this in Korea with people maybe if they had a culture... a quick 10-hour culture module and then it's a different country like this is a culture model module for Korea. This ones for Japan. This ones with China. This one's from Chile. Whatever it might be and you choose what you want. But I think most of the culture, if there was any, can't remember much, was very inadequate.

Interviewer: Alright, then what would you say the objective of a TEFL would be? What are they trying to achieve?

575 576 Participant 5: I guess. They're trying to achieve, I guess in my opinion, a lot of 577 the teachers I've met they've gone overseas to teach for one maybe two years. 578 It's more of a gap year thing. So I guess it's saying they're not going to invest 579 lots of time and money into this career because it's just a quick sort of bit of fun. 580 So it's basically trying to achieve. We need to show them as much as we can, in a time frame that they can manage and that feels doable because if it's too long 581 582 or too expensive they're just not going to do it. So I feel it's an entry point. It's 583 like here's something to get you through your first year and if you decide you like 584 it then you might decide to pursue CELTA or other avenues of professional 585 development. So an introduction, almost. 586 Interviewer: Okay. And do you think this was achieved? 587 588 589 Participant 5: I guess overall yeah it was. As I've said I far more out of the 20 hour in class than the other hundred hours combined. Um, but as very brief 590 591 overall introduction to teaching ESL, yea I guess it achieves this goal, roughly 592 [laughs] 593 594 Interviewer: So would you say the TEFL was able to prepare you at least 595 somewhat for the classroom? 596 597 Participant 5: Somewhat, yes. I think it was able to prepare, um lesson planning 598 and an idea of how to teach people who cannot speak English or at least who 599 cannot communicate, um outside of that... No, but, I guess, you know, you can 600 learn on the job but that's sort of the basic thing. So roughly speaking yes. 601 602 Interviewer: And I want you to focus on the actual part that was online. Would 603 you say that it was user-friendly. 604 Participant 5: very user-friendly, and um very... [pause] easy in the sense that, 605 606 the impression I got was, um it gives you all this information you have 607 assessments to do but the assessments are geared strongly towards let's make

sure they pass. Um... Because if we fail too many people our company is not

609 going to get referrals. We're not going to get their money. So it's more like if you 610 pay your money, you get the pass. Is my take on it, unless you are completely useless. 611 612 613 Interviewer: Have you heard anyone that's failed before, heard from anyone? 614 615 Participant 5: I've heard people who have failed a module but you get... what 616 was 12... If you fail you just try again until you finally pass. So not really not with 617 the one I did anyway. 618 Interviewer: Okay, and did you feel supported during the online side of it? 619 620 621 Participant 5: Um, kind of... so the the support we got was. You did an assignment to the assessment a multi-choice test and you sent it off to whoever 622 was marking and then that person sent you back; this is your score and this is 623 624 what I think. Um... It was fairly obviously a pick and choose commentary but with 625 so many people doing it that's completely understandable. So support, not overly but as much as I'd expect, if that makes sense, for a short, cheapish 626 627 certificate. [laughs] 628 629 Interviewer: [laughs] okay and uh with the like sequencing and the pacing of the 630 modules. Do you feel like that was, it was a well-paced and well-sequenced? 631 632 Participant 5: It was in the sense that we had six months to do it. So it's 120 633 hours and you do, well 100 hours and theoretically you've got six months, so you can take as long or as short as you want. I remember one module was a 20-634 635 hour module and I did it one afternoon. Because it was, I can't remember what it was now to be honest, but it was very easy. So I was just sort of skim through 636 the material, do the test, pass, done, thank you very much. So, it was well-637 638 paced in the sense that it was set up for people who were working they might 639 have a little time a lot of time. So yeah. 640 Interviewer: Okay, and finally if you had to give any suggestions to these TEFL 641 642 companies, like what suggestions would you give to them? I

Participant 5: In an ideal world, more face-to-face time, because that
was **fantastic**. However, of course, that's pretty unachievable and that's not a
good business model. So [pause] I guess [pause] that's a hard question
because you know what would be great to have. But as I've said that's not...

Interviewer: So what would, even if it's not necessarily completely realistic what would great to have?

Participant 5: All of a face-to-face with an instructor who has taught ESL in the past ... someone who can go in and they can say OK you know, you've done all the of the things like grammar and all the lesson planning, that can all be online. Read through it, understand it, pass it. Then go to a face-to-face session because our face-to-face session was in the middle so you didn't have to have completed things beforehand. And then even they go through it a little bit and do more sort of; this is what a classroom will be like. Or if you going to teach university in China. This is what it will probably be like. This is what the students will be like. Here's some pictures, here's some videos, of what you can actually expect. Um... and I guess more real-world... examples and more real-world. Not the... uh yeah you sit in a room and everyone's there and they really want to learn English. Yeah no they don't. [laugh]. And how to deal with that and how to turn them around and actually still teach them whilst actually providing some management and something worthwhile. Some more face-to-face would be, I guess, that be my ideal and my recommendation.

Interviewer: Perfect. Thank you so much.

Participant 6- Transcript

Interviewer: So can you please tell me roughly what year you completed your TEFL?

Participant 6: [counting] Beginning of 2016.

676	
677	Interviewer: Okay. And how many hours was it for?
678	
679	Participant 6: 120
680	
681	Interviewer: All right. And was it online?
682	
683	Participant 6: No.
684	
685	Interviewer: None of it?
686	
687	Participant 6: No, none of it. Fully in class.
688	
689	Interviewer: Fully in class okay. And then can you please describe your first
690	few months of teaching abroad.
691	
692	Participant 6: First few months, I would say it was all about learning really and
693	just getting used to uh dealing with groups of kids and kids who don't really
694	understand what you're saying; how to simplify things for them. How to use body
695	language to get them to undersand what you are saying. And how to overcome
696	that initial like student teacher fear. You're scared of the kids, the kids are
697	scared of you. I think the first two months are just getting over that little hurdle.
698	
699	Interviewer: Yeah that about right, and then Do you think you were prepared
700	for the classroom?
701	
702	Participant 6: Uh In some ways yeah, cause of the TEFL course, but in other
703	ways no. Like the good thing that I took from the TEFL was; having that
704	interaction with kids that don't speak English as a first language. So when I was
705	in the classroom for the first time I wasn't as nervous as say; someone who
706	hadn't done the course, or had done an online course. But, what I was not
707	prepared for was; just the amount of work that goes into, teaching kids.
708	
709	Interviewer: Such as?

710 Participant 6: Such as turning your lessons. Making sure that you know you 711 712 have worksheets available for them, that you might have kids who are 10 years 713 old and 5 years old into the same class because the school thinks that they are 714 on the same level when actually they're not all or having kids who have never learn English before but because they're much older they can't go in to say a 5 715 716 year olds classroom they got to go into an older class and they don't understand 717 what is going on. So you have to, you know spend time thinking about how you're going to help these kids, as well as just teach your class and general. 718 719 720 Interviewer: Okay, so do you think a TEFL prepared you for like teaching 721 English like the actual grammar, phonics part of it? 722 723 Participant 6: Yes. Because. That's another thing that I got from my TEFL 724 course specifically was that there was a section on grammar, especially; tenses. 725 And I remember in high school when we studied tenses, I was like I don't 726 understand what's going on. But they put it in sort of like a simple way. For you 727 to understand and for the students to understand without going too deep into it. 728 729 Interviewer: Okay and like your classroom management? 730 731 Participant 6: Oh... I don't think the TEFL really helped with that much. There were a few things that they said that; you can be strict with the kids, don't be 732 afraid to tell the kids theyr'e crossing a line or something like that. But not, I 733 would say they could have gone into that a bit more. 734 735 Interviewer: Alright and then like the culture. The culture the students, the 736 culture the teachers that you probably will be working around, and the culture of 737 like China in general. Do you think you were prepared for that? 738 739 Participant 6: More so I would say than people who have taken a TEFL back in 740 741 their own country or online. Cause my TEFL course was done in China. So I 742 was interacting with Chinese kids. I was getting the cultural background from the 743 course instructor. You know things like don't like don't write the kids' names in

pens. And you know don't let the kids lose face in front of their peers. That sort of thing was explained during **my** course which was unique because it was in China.

Interviewer: Ok, nice. And then what would you say the objective or like what are they trying to achieve with this TEFL course?

Participant 6: I think they are trying to make sure that we can apply what we know as English speakers into a classroom. So they're sort of bridging us between just being English speakers and being able to explain how our language words for speakers who aren't English.

Interviewer: And do you think they achieved this?

Participant 6: [pause] Tricky one. Because I think it **can** achieve that goal but a lot of the times the industry itself is taken over by people who want to travel and people who want to come and have fun, go out and party. And they don't really take it seriously a sort of; I'm going to do this for a couple of years to see the world and they kind of forget that you're working with people and people's lives especially with children and that it is something that should be taken seriously.

Interviewer: Do you have any suggestions for a TEFL company? What would your suggestions for improvement be?

Participant 6: hmmm... I think, definitely the classroom part should be a must. I think that if you're not a qualified teacher that you can just go online and pull out a couple of reports and suddenly makes you good at teaching English. I think that, you definitely need exposure to a classroom whether it's kids or adults. And that that classroom also needs to be Non-English speaking, so that you can understand firstly what you're getting yourself into that it's not just fun and games. I go in and I say hello and you say hello and we dance and sing. That there's actual work that needs to be done. There are a lot of things that are going to get in your way especially because they don't understand what you are

trying to say and that you need to be prepared for that. I think that is definitely 777 778 something that TEFL courses need to consider. 779 780 Interviewer: Okay and if we were only going to do it online, how do you think 781 they could prepare you for this? 782 783 Participant 6: Well, you could have online classes with one-on-one students and 784 groups of students. Or alternatively, you could work through organizations like 785 The British Council. They are represented in most countries and you could work 786 through them to maybe do; a demo class with people who are frequently visiting 787 their centres. 788 789 Interviewer: That's great. Ok... thank you so much. 790 791 Participant 7 transcript 792 793 Interviewer: So roughly what year did you start your TEFL? 794 Participant 7: In 2018, last year. 795 796 797 Interviewer: Okay and how many hours was it for? 798 799 Participant 7: It was a hundred twenty hours. Half of those 120 were online and the other half was lectures and workshops. 800 801 802 Interviewer: Perfect. And can you please describe your first few months of 803 teaching abroad. 804 805 Participant 7: Ok so the first few months of teaching abroad was difficult. The 806 level at which the school was demanding the teacher perform was a bit absurd. 807 And there was no formal training given to the teachers. Instead one had to learn on the go and got criticized for not knowing a school procedure when it wasn't 808 809 explained before-hand. Although there were many demonstration classes and 810 observations from mentors and managers the feedback was often harsh and

811 belittling. Also, the amounts of lying and deceiving that happens at schools 812 specifically in China to the parents is alarming. I soon realized that education is 813 financially driven and not necessarily student-centred. 814 Interviewer: Okay perfect and did you feel that you were prepared for the 815 816 classroom? Do you think TEFL prepared you? 817 818 Participant 7: So when I first started teaching, I didn't have a TEFL certificate yet. 819 So in that classroom setting, I felt prepared in my own right um and confident 820 and so luckily I knew what to expect. But, there are too many procedures and rules for the teacher to follow. And that sort of hinders the learning process of 821 822 the students because you're always thinking about I need to do this or I need to do that. But after the TEFL, I don't think it prepared me any more or any less. I 823 824 think it was just a prerequisite of getting the necessary documentation. 825 826 Interviewer: OK. And so TEFL for instance, like if you had to keep grammar or 827 phonics would you say that the TEFL helped you with that? 828 Participant 7: Not particularly so they explained the theory behind it, but they 829 830 never told you how to apply that theory. I think that's what's lacking. You sort of 831 learn on the go, [laughs] when you're teaching phonics you sound the word out 832 yourself; ok, I guess that's right, if I put this combination and that blend together 833 you get the word. 834 Interviewer: and like classroom discipline and classroom management? 835 836 837 Participant 7: There were some pointers but without the real classroom setting 838 there's no way to apply it when you're sitting in that lecture hall. Um and also those things you sort of learn on the go. Each student is different and every 839 840 class is different so you sort of adapt your teaching style and your methods 841 according to the students you have. Certain triggers might work one class and 842 the triggers might not work for another class. You have to sort of always be

willing to adapt as a teacher.

Interviewer: Great. And the culture like the culture of China. So the students, the 844 845 other teachers, in general just being in China. How do you think you were prepared for the culture? 846 847 848 Participant 7: I wasn't prepared at all. What do you think of China before you 849 come to China. It was not real China. Um but it's best to just come into China 850 with an open mind and take everything with a pinch of salt because it can be very different and very upside down and to the world that you know. Yeah you 851 852 just sort of embrace it I guess. [laughs] 853 Interviewer: [laughs] okay. And what do you think the objective of a TEFL would 854 855 be? Why does this course exist? 856 Participant 7: So the main object, or what they claim the main objective is, is to 857 858 prepare you to teach to the students who don't understand what you're saving. 859 When you're coming from an English background they're Chinese and is to provide you with the necessary tools needed to facilitate learning in the 860 861 classroom. However, I don't think they achieve that objective very well because it's not applied practically. You can read a thousand books but it it's not applied 862 in the classroom setting it's not going to work in my opinion. Of course. 863 864 865 Interviewer: So the online part of it specifically, do you think it was very userfriendly? 866 867 Participant 7: I think it was user-friendly. Yes. Although there were certain steps 868 you can complete the first parts you couldn't go to the next part. But understand 869 why. User-friendly? Yes. it was. 870 871 872 Interviewer: OK. And do you feel like you have enough support. We're you 873 supported during the whole online part of it. 874 Participant 7: Well my online part I had to complete really quickly because my 875 school signed up for it so I didn't have much time to actually complete the 876 877 assignments so just like go do do do [shooing gesture]. But I think they were

support channels in place. I'm not quite sure, I can't remember, because I didn't 878 879 use them I just set out to get it done. 880 Interviewer: Well that's fine, okay and if you had to like give any suggestions to 881 882 these TEFL companies. What suggestions would you give them? 883 884 Participant 7: I guess I would suggest that you condense the theoretical 885 portion down only to the vital and relevant information and rather demonstrate how this information is needed, through a practical way. So 886 through a practical means on how to implement this information. And allow 887 888 participants the opportunity to teach in a real class. Have them have mock lessons and provide critical feedback on that, rather than have them read a 889 890 passage and answer questions. So apply the knowledge. They do say; practice 891 makes perfect to practice what's there. And if you're teaching how to teach; one way to teach is to explain, demonstrate and then practice and they're missing 892 893 that practice portion of what they're teaching which is really strange. 894 895 Interviewer: Perfect OK. Thank you so much. 896 Participant 7: You're welcome. 897 898 Participant 8- Transcript 899 900 901 Interviewer: Roughly what year did you complete your TEFL? 902 903 Participant 8: about 2007. 904 Interviewer: And how many hours was it for? 905 906 907 Participant 8: I think it was 60 hours back then which was all you needed. Now I 908 believe you need about 120, depends on where you're applying. 909 910 Interviewer: Okay and how much of it was online?

911 912 Participant 8: None of it. It was all in class. Did it on weekends. 913 914 Interviewer: Okay. All right. And could you please describe your first few months 915 of using a TEFL to teach abroad. So after you got your TEFL you went abroad 916 and how was the teaching? 917 918 Participant 8: Well, I mean it depends. I am going to give a long answer. That 919 particular TEFL didn't really prepare me for what I was teaching. It gave me a 920 broad stroke but didn't give me any concrete examples which are things that you 921 will find on the job. So I went into a Korean [inaudiable] or private school. And 922 the system there, you know, it's particular work that they want you to do. 923 Particular system that, some of the techniques in the TEFL won't prepare you for. But I have taken an online course or I've studied other courses 924 925 which do teach things like TPR and various techniques and all of these kinds of 926 educational theory. So it really depends on what kind of programme you are in. 927 928 Interviewer: Okay focusing specifically on the TEFL though. Do you think it 929 prepared you for the classroom? 930 Participant 8: [pause] No [laugh] I'd say, I mean to a degree, obviously you have 931 932 an idea of what to expect but like most job training, I wouldn't isolate it to just TEFL. A lot of job training is a lot of theory. [pause] It doesn't prepare you for 933 934 what you're actually going to do. You learn that as you go, and then later you 935 might reflect upon your training and go; oh yeah I know that applies here and 936 that applies here. But going in from one to the other immediately I'd say not 937 really. 938 939 Interviewer: So you say most like vocational training doesn't prepare you. What 940 do you think they could do better then, to prepare you? 941 942 Participant 8: Teachers programs will give you practicums right? Send you to 943 schools to do a lesson. If they had something like that incorporated into a TEFL training versus just you know, write a lesson plan, for example. But if they send 944

945 you into a classroom. Or even an online component, there's a lot of teaching 946 online jobs if there is some kind of partnership or. I don't know, I'm not sure what 947 kind of system. But either way, some kind of practical classroom would be 948 optimal. More anecdotes from people coming back from various countries. 949 People who might give you real insights into what countries... will offer different 950 experiences. Someone in Asia or someone in the Middle East, someone 951 in Europe. You know, these kids will be different, they'll treat you differently, 952 they'll have different expectations of you as a teacher etc... 953 Interviewer: Ok. How do you think you were prepared for like grammar or 954 955 phonics or the actual English language, like how prepared were you for that, for 956 teaching that? 957 958 Participant 8: Not particularly, because... they might do some basics but you know the art of teaching and learning grammar in the modern age is... pretty 959 960 bad. Again this is all dependent. My experience was that grammar wasn't a 961 focus. Maybe some phonics games it was more like here some ways to play games and here's some education theory and here's... you know, how you might 962 963 approach a classroom. But nothing, like here's how to teach split infinitives. You 964 know, how basic, rudimentary grammar might look in the classroom. Not that I 965 can remember, was a long time ago. 966 967 968 Interviewer: [laugh] And classroom management, how were you prepared for that? 969 970 971 Participant 8: Same thing, I'd say there were some tips, you know. You did have 972 ideas of how to manage a classroom. But again you don't really learn your own style until you get into the classroom and do it yourself. The kids ran all over me 973 974 for a number of months before I figured it out. 975 976 Interviewer: And the culture, you said the first place you taught was Korea. So how did they prepare you for like Korean culture, Korean students, just Korea in 977 978 general?

979 980 Participant 8: Oh not at all... because again, Korea was where I went but they 981 placed everybody anywhere right everywhere. They offered me a job in China, 982 they offered me a job in Korea. They offered me a job can't remember, I think I 983 was aiming for Japan. So it was primarily Asian but they didn't give you a 984 cultural run-down. Because you could go anywhere. 985 986 Interviewer: Yeah. okay. And what would you say the objective of the TEFL is? 987 What are they trying to achieve? 988 989 Participant 8: Well they want you to... Be certified and have a general foundation 990 of educational knowledge and well they can send you out. I mean I guess that is 991 the objective of any educational program is to give you the tools that they think 992 you need. And like I said it's program-specific I've gotten more out of an online 993 course that I did with my in-person course in a lot of ways. So it depends on 994 what TEFL programme that you're in. I think. Same as any degree. 995 996 Interviewer: How did that online course prepare you better? What did they do 997 differently? 998 999 Participant 8: Well again they just sort of went a little more in-depth and they 1000 had more videos and things that you could review. I'm not saying online courses 1001 are better or worse but some of the materials were good because you can 1002 review them and they have those tests and quizzes. Not things like group work 1003 or let's just chat about what we wanted. Those things are great, in person. But 1004 they're not like OK now you're going to study some real theory, you know, how 1005 to approach students how to get them engaged, things like that. I don't know. I 1006 know I am being general but... [laughs] 1007 1008 Interviewer: No, that's fine. So you said you think the objective of a TEFL would 1009 be to give you foundation and tools. Do you think they achieved this? 1010 1011 Participant 8: [pause] Again to a degree, half and half, it's not like they've failed. 1012 It's not like they did nothing for me, but I didn't feel, you know. After I got the job,

I didn't feel oh boy I'm sure glad I took that TEFL, I took it to get a certificate, so I could get the job, right... But if I didn't need the TEFL and I could just get the job I probably would have figured it out regardless. Interviewer: Okay, and if you had to give any suggestions to these TEFL companies, what would you suggest to them, to improve? Participant 8: Again, same thing I'd say add more practicum style training. If you are an in-person program add some online component, if you are an online component... add some maybe interview... components or something where it has some kind of real-life interaction with either teachers or administrators or get in touch with an actual school. And say ok; how does it work? What's your day-to-day? Maybe two or three, so you can see the difference between say; teaching in a private school or teaching in a public school, teaching university and teaching kindergarten. It's what you're interested in. Focus a little bit on stuff like that. Interviewer: That's great. Thank you so much. Participant 9- transcript Interviewer: So roughly what year did you complete your TEFL? Participant 9: 2017. Interviewer: And how many hours was it for? Participant 9: 120 Interviewer: And how much of it was online? Participant 9: a hundred hours.

1047 Interviewer: Ok., and., please describe your first few months of teaching abroad. 1048 1049 Participant 9: Had to learn quickly. It was difficult. I had to rely a lot on colleagues to kind of explain what I had to do... Yeah... Had to learn and get 1050 1051 good at it really quickly. The online TEFL didn't really set you up particularly 1052 well for a classroom environment. 1053 1054 Interviewer: Okay. That's my next question. Do think the TEFL prepared you for these challenges that you faced? 1055 1056 Participant 9: In theory, yes. But it's difficult to apply stuff you've written into a 1057 1058 computer to a real-life environment. 1059 Interviewer: Can you comment on things like teaching phonics. Because I know 1060 1061 you taught in kindergarten, so teaching phonics, how did TEFL prepare you for 1062 that? 1063 1064 Participant 9: [pause] uh.. Not very thoroughly. It's a very basic course, the 120 1065 hours is a very basic course. So they don't really go too in-depth into what you 1066 teach more how you teach it. So. That's again. Ask questions on how best to do 1067 it and watch videos kind of make up my own sort of method for it. And kind of 1068 learn off other people's experiences. But the actual TEFL course didn't really do 1069 a lot of what you're teaching. 1070 1071 Interviewer: That makes sense and like classroom management? 1072 1073 Participant 9: Again, it gave you a lot of theories in what to do but with no 1074 practice on how to actually apply them you kind of have to try a lot of them out really quickly and see what works. And then you've got to apply that to what's 1075 1076 socially expected and what the learning environment is in the country you're 1077 working in and then mold it around that. So anything that we did get taught had 1078 to be adapted to teaching in China where there are slightly different 1079 expectations on how classes should be run, and how teachers should behave,

1080	and how students should behave. So it's again semi-useful to have a little bit of
1081	knowledge there wasn't really any practical application.
1082	
1083	Interviewer: That was actually my next question about culture. How do you think
1084	the TEFL prepared you for the culture of the students, the culture of the co-
1085	teachers, and the culture of China in general?
1086	
1087	Participant 9: It didn't at all. Like it said to be aware of cultural sensitivities but it
1088	didn't really delve into what they are, how to approach them and how to kind of
1089	deflect questioning about it. Also the TEFL qualification, when you do your 20
1090	hours worth of practical tests you are working with other adults who are planning
1091	on being teachers so they're the best possible students. Yeah, so they already
1092	know the answer. They already know what you are trying to say, they really
1093	have to pretend, to find a different way of getting kids to understand it. It
1094	doesn't really translate very well.
1095	
1096	Interviewer: OK. What would you say the objective of a TEFL would be?
1097	
1098	Participant 9: As in? What do you mean like as in why you do it? Or why it
1099	exists?
1100	
1101	Interviewer: Why it exists and why you do it? Ok, I know why you do it. But why
1102	does it exist? Why do you think it's necessary?
1103	
1104	Participant 9: It's necessary as like a barrier to having just anybody rock up and
1105	start teaching. It's literally so that they can say that you put some effort into
1106	learning how to teach Yeah It's just a little check so that people can say
1107	you're qualified.
1108	
1109	Interviewer: And do you feel that you were?
1110	
1111	Participant 9: [laughs] After a year of practical application, I think I do now, yes.
1112	But I wasn't really prepared after doing a hundred and twenty hours of
1113	theoretical teaching for a foreign classroom environment. It really depends on

1114 how... quickly you can adapt to the surroundings and how quickly you can pick it 1115 up. 1116 Interviewer: I want you to focus now on the actual online part of it. Did you find 1117 the online part to be user-friendly? 1118 1119 1120 Participant 9: [pause] Yeah, it was pretty good. It was pretty thorough, all of the 1121 modules were really well explained and really well-paced. And the online 1122 assessment style was good. It kind of told you what you got wrong so you go 1123 away and re-learn it or re-revise it. I guess the downside is that you could take 1124 the test as many times as you wanted until you got the right answer. So... it 1125 probably negates the fact that it's a qualification. It's just an online test that you 1126 can take until you pass... But yeah. The actual modules were useful and well set 1127 out. But it was all theory, you didn't really have any kind of practical application 1128 towards it. So it just depends on how you apply your knowledge once you're 1129 qualified. 1130 1131 Interviewer: Do you feel you were supported by the people that you did your TEFL through? 1132 1133 Participant 9: [pause] We didn't really have any interaction with them. We had 1134 1135 20 hours like lecture periods and the lady that ran that was fantastic.... She'd 1136 been teaching English teaching TEFL for a long time and had helped design the course. So, yeah, like she was really good... and when it came to doing the 1137 1138 assessments, our adjudicators were really useful because we were on a really 1139 tight timeframe to complete the course. So, they allowed us to kind of fast track 1140 it and do the two assessments at the same time rather than one after the other. Like yeah. They were helpful. It was good. But actually doing the modules we 1141 1142 didn't **really** have a lot of interaction. 1143 Interviewer: Okay, if you had to give any suggestions to the TEFL company you 1144 did your TEFL through. What would you suggest to make it better? 1145

1147 Participant 9: It doesn't really work. The 120 hours course doesn't really work. It's a fast track to saying that people are qualified and prepared. And really they 1148 1149 won't be. So it's probably, like, the hundred and twenty hours is almost pointless. So you need practical application. Whether that comes down to only running the 1150 1151 courses over summer so that you can use like English summer schools as a 1152 practice ground for teaching or you have them do a placement in summer school so that they can watch how teachers do it.... Yeah, it needs to be more 1153 1154 thorough, and you can't be that through in a course that is meant to take 120 1155 hours. 1156 1157 Interviewer: Okay, that's perfect. Thank you so much... 1158 Participant 10 transcript 1159 1160 1161 Interviewer: Roughly what year did you complete your TEFL? 1162 Participant 10: In August 2017. 1163 1164 Interviewer: And how many hours was it for? 1165 1166 1167 Participant 10: 120 hours. 1168 1169 Interviewer: And how much of that time was online? 1170 Participant 10: a hundred. 1171 1172 1173 Interviewer: Perfect. Um Please can you describe your first few months of teaching abroad. 1174 1175 1176 Participant 10: Teaching... goodness um it was very different to what I'd 1177 experienced in TEFL because the kids are a lot younger. Um obviously TEFL 1178 prepares you for a number of ages. But in terms of actually, standing up in front of the classroom was very different. Um, the 20 hours that we did in class was 1179 probably a bit more beneficial in terms of getting up and doing something in front 1180

of the class but I would say, uh it was very different and difficult but um you can't 1181 1182 really learn that you have to adapt yourself when you start. 1183 1184 Interviewer: OK. You said it was difficult. Why? What made it difficult? 1185 1186 Participant 10: Well I guess it was my first time teaching ever and so it was just 1187 remembering everything you learnt in TEFL and trying to apply that to the 1188 classes. Um, the lesson plan were obviously different. As each school is to what 1189 we've learned in the degree. So it's just learning to adapt. And also, you don't 1190 know these kids. And so. It becomes a lot easier once you know your kids and what their level is and how you can apply what you know to them. If that makes 1191 1192 sense. 1193 1194 Interviewer: And things like teaching English so the phonics and things like that 1195 how did TEFL prepare you for that? 1196 1197 Participant 10: for phonics, um it actually, well it taught me a lot about my own 1198 language that I didn't realize. I didn't know beforehand uhm so phonics I was a 1199 bit, um of a stranger to, so that helped me at least prepare in terms of the 1200 appropriate sounds and how that can be applied in teaching. 1201 1202 Interviewer: Okay and classroom management? 1203 1204 Participant 10: Classroom management. Yeah. It gave a lot of variety in terms of 1205 how to deal with difficult kids and how to sort of what you can and what you 1206 can't say which is good, cause going in I had no idea about that. Um, it's 1207 obviously you can't really imagine it to you're actually there and it's happening, 1208 but it definitely gave an idea of what to be prepared for. 1209 1210 Interviewer: Okay, and the culture of the students, the culture of your teacher or 1211 like your co-teachers and the culture of China and in general, how were you 1212 prepared for that?

1214 Participant 10: We weren't. [laughs] and I don't think anything can prepare you 1215 for that. Because it is so [laughs] It so foreign and it's so different. And you've 1216 just got to be open to accepting everything. And not trying to fight it. Because at 1217 the end of the day it's not your culture, it's theirs. And you're guest in their country. Um it was difficult but everyone was very lovely. And um... It took its 1218 1219 time but you do adapt in the end. 1220 1221 Interviewer: Do you feel that you were prepared for the classroom? That TEFL 1222 prepared you? For the classroom in general for the teaching? 1223 1224 Participant 10: Ah you know what, more academically than anything. But um I 1225 don't think I'd find it difficult for them to prepare you for that kind of scenario. Um 1226 unless they have an example of anything before you, as far as I can remember 1227 no. I don't believe so. 1228 1229 Interviewer: What would you say the objective of a TEFL is, like why does it 1230 exist? 1231 1232 Participant 10: Um [pause] I guess to give the opportunity to people who, **do** you 1233 want to go abroad to teach but don't have the right degree. So, our purpose was 1234 that we wanted to go and teach in China for a year and we didn't have the 1235 experience. Um and TEFL is what we heard. And we were guite surprised that 1236 120 hours was all you needed. But it worked out perfectly for us. Yeah. It was 1237 just a way to get the degree. Quickly. 1238 1239 Interviewer: OK. And now the hundred hours online, I want you to focus on that 1240 for a second. Um do you feel that that was user-friendly? 1241 1242 Participant 10: Yes definitely. You weren't able to progress to the next level 1243 before you got a certain percentage on the previous level. So that was good. So 1244 it wouldn't give you an overall mark at the end they would make sure that you 1245 completed the first level before moving on so you had a proper understanding of it so. You can't cheat it. You have to know what you talking about. And the fact 1246

1247	that it's all multiple choice and it slide show and it's not just lectural essays or
1248	stuff like that. Yeah. I'd say definitely.
1249	
1250	Interviewer: And do you feel that you were supported during the online part of it?
1251	
1252	Participant 10: I didn't need to speak to anyone. So, I had no correspondence
1253	with anyone apart from the teacher in the classroom but by that point we were
1254	almost at the end of our TEFL.
1255	
1256	Interviewer: OK. That's perfect. And then. If you had any suggestions for a TEFL
1257	company. Like if you had to give the TEFL company some suggestions about
1258	how to improve, what would you say them?
1259	
1260	Participant 10: Say the question that you asked which is how they prepare you
1261	for the classroom and if they had like, example videos or example stories from
1262	teachers; who were doing it or had done it. Just that you could get some hands-
1263	on advice. Sort of someone who's done it and it's honest and it's like this is what
1264	you're gonna get.
1265	
1266	Interviewer: That's perfect. Thank you so much.