Vocabulary Teaching Strategies by EFL Teachers of Junior High School Level

Esra Elisabeth Panjaitan, Exsanti Jumina Sibarani, Erikson Saragih

panjaitanesra12@gmail.com, exsantijumina@gmail.com, eriksonsaragih@unprimdn.ac.id
Universitas Prima Indonesia, Medan, Indonesia

Received: 06 December 2021 Accepted: 18 December 2021
DOI: 10.24256/ideas.v912.2335

Abstract.
This research is dedicated to the research vocabulary teaching strategies by EFL teachers of Junior High School. The rationale of this research is to investigate the teachers' strategies in the teaching and learning process. In addition, this study applied a qualitative approach to analyze data. Data were collected in-depth survey by questionnaire with ten teachers as respondents. In collecting data there 3 steps, namely The writer selected the respondents (ten teachers), the writer made ten questions in a questionnaire for respondents by using google form and The writer wrote a survey’s answer based on the survey that had been recorded. In this research, the questions are divided into two parts namely, multiple-choice and essay. In the multiple-choice, the teacher just chose one of the options and on the essays, the teacher can give short or long answers. The data were analyzed in some way:(1) classify data, (2) make a transcript data in written language, (3) Give a sign, and (4) gather the same sign. In general, a result shows the teacher strategies in (1) teacher preparation in teaching vocabulary, (2) sources of vocabulary teaching, (3) kind of teacher question, (4) teacher activities during the teaching process, and (5) students' activities during the earning process. This result can be seen by the teacher's answers in the questionnaire. This result is expected to help the teacher to learn vocabulary and will greatly contribute for the teacher to teaching vocabulary.

Keywords: teacher's strategies, teaching vocabulary, EFL
Introduction

English is one of the most important languages nowadays because English is the global language. Even though English is a foreign language in Indonesia, it occupies an important position in the daily lives of our society. This is seen in the world of Indonesian education. English is one of the lessons being taught to learners from a basic level to a college. In this world, there are many languages but the internal language English is essential to a person's competitiveness. With good English skills, good competitiveness, which is good for our country too. But that does not mean that we should forget the Indonesian language that is already our national language. Along with the times and technological advances, students must learn English as a foreign language. Learning English is a chance for students to increase their career, education, and society. Many people choose the English language as a tool to communicate with foreigners. The students in Indonesia are expected to be able to speak English. By being able to speak English, students can also build new relationships with strangers.

Learning English is what people do when they want to speak with a foreigner, to deliver their ideas. In learning English there are four major skill skills and three language systems in English. The major skill in English is speaking, writing, listening, and reading and all of the major skill is related to each other. The language system is needed to support learning a major skill, namely structure, vocabulary, grammar, and pronunciation. In learning English, the learner has to memorize some vocabulary to master the English language. Black Hills State University (2006: 4) stated that “Vocabulary or word meaning is one of the keys to comprehension. According to the statement above, no one can speak English without any vocabulary. The focus of this research is strategies for teaching vocabulary.

Vocabulary is the basic aspect of learning a language that learners should master. According to Wilkins in Thornbury (2002: 13) summed up that without vocabulary nothing can be conveyed. Based on the statement above. Similar to Krashen's statement, (1998:155): “A vocabulary is a basic component in communication”. Based on the statement, we can conclude that vocabularies are fundamental to language. Vocabulary will be the first thing to develop language skill.

Vocabulary is a crucial part of learning English. Vocabulary plays important role in mastering language. According to Linse (2005:121) stated that vocabulary is a collection of words that an individual knows. Based on the statement above everyone has to improve their vocabulary individually. Improving vocabulary in English is more difficult than learning vocabulary in Indonesia viewed. The difficulty lies in the meaning, writing, word use, And also pronunciation of the words.

However, some students in the school have a good vocabulary and the others lower. Some of the students can express their ideas in English while others can’t. In this case, I think the differences are caused by the strategies of teaching applied by the teacher. The students who have good vocabulary usually accepted the interesting strategies of teaching. Interesting strategies can improve mastering vocabulary effectively and quickly.
The writer made this observation for the ten English teachers who teach in junior high school. The writer found some problems related to students’ success in mastering vocabulary. Many students can’t express their opinion, ideas, and also suggestions because they have a lacking vocabulary. Based on the problem above, the writer thinks that the teacher should use teaching strategies. Using strategies in teaching English will be one aspect that affects the level of students’ vocabulary. Teaching strategies will influence students’ motivation because some students are not interested in English. By effective and appropriate teaching strategies the teacher can attract students’ attention and achieve the students’ goals.

This research is supported by previous research that conducted by Aizen Yaacob Dkk (2019) on their research entitled “Vocabulary Learning Strategies Through Secondary Students at Saudi School in Malaysia”. In this research they aspects related to students’ knowledge and use of appropriate and effective vocabulary learning strategies. By Zhihong Bai (2018) about “An Analysis of English Vocabulary Learning Strategies” and also by Feng Teng (2014) about “strategies for teaching and learning vocabulary”. Based on the previous research, they only focus on the what the good strategies for teaching vocabulary. They only described teaching strategies based on the theory in the book. There are no valid data from the teacher as a respondent, while in this research I’ll put the strategies teaching vocabulary by teacher EFL. The information will come from teachers’ surveys by ten questions in the google form. This research will be contributed for researchers or teachers who need it as a guidebook for choosing teaching strategies. The writer will use a qualitative approach. Thus this research aims to find out what the teaching strategies by teachers on the teaching-learning process.

Method

This study implemented a qualitative research design as it fits with the use of questionnaires to find out teaching strategies by EFL teachers in Junior High School. This research involved teachers as a respondent. The purpose of this study is to find out the teaching strategies for teaching English vocabulary. In this research, the writer uses a qualitative approach because this research focuses on the analysis of teaching strategies by the teacher.

Qualitative research is a qualitative study is defined as an inquiry process of understanding a social or human problem, based on building a complex, holistic picture, formed with words, reporting detailed views of informants, and conducted in a natural setting (Cresswell,1994). Similar to Leedy and Ormrod theoris 2021 stated Quantitative research is specific in its surveying and experimentation. Based on the statement above the qualitative research will be a too effective and flexible method to analyze teacher strategies quality. Qualitative research plays an important role in analyzing the various factors which are related to human behavior in and particular manner. This research involved ten teachers from different schools and researchers themself.
In this research, the data sources by According to Patton (2002) stated that the most common data sources in qualitative research included interviews, observations, and documentation. Similar to Cresswell (2012) stated that the sources of data research come from some sources such as documentation, interview, audio visual record, and physical artifacts. Based on the statement above the data sources of this research are questioners by google form as data research. The writer survey ten questions for each teacher to get significant information. The data of this research will be gathered from ten teachers as respondents and from previous theories to support data.

In this research to answer the research problem, the writer should collect the data. Data are the important evidence and relevant information used to solve the research questions. There is some way to collect data, in this research the writer uses qualitative research. The way to collect data the writer using a questionnaire. The questionnaire was presented by google form as primary data. All of them will analyze based on the procedure of qualitative data collecting. data collecting is an important step from the research, it should be checked so the data that we will get keep valid and reliable (Ary,2002: 425). There are for the type of collecting data in qualitative research, namely questionnaire, interview, documentation, and observation. In this research, the writer collect data by questionnaire. There are ten teachers as a respondent and ten questions. The writer select the respondent who had a long experience and especially those who teach in junior high school. A quality teacher is a partial part of learners in their teaching process. In this research the use the questionnaires as an instrument, and the writer use the procedure as follows:

1. The writer selected the respondents (ten teachers)
2. The writer made ten-question in the questionnaire for respondents by using by google form
3. The writer wrote a survey’s answer based on the survey that had been a record

For the analyzing data, for the first way, the data of the research will classify data. There is ten-question, the question is divided into two-part. Some of the questions are multiple choices, so the respondent just answers yes or no, true or false, or chooses the option based on the respondent’s experiences. So the writer should classify how many respondents choose true or false and yes or no. One of the questions is an essay. So the respondent should answer based on the experience, the respondent should give a short answer and a long answer. In this part, the writer must adjust the respondent’s answer to a problem presented in this research. All of the respondents must answer the research question specifically. The second way is the writer will make a transcript data in the written language from the google form record. The third is giving the sign, All data that was written in a sentence was given a sign that expressed theme, strategies, conditions as supporting research data( Munawwarah 2021:43). The fourth is the writer will gather the same sign into
one data and the last is the writer will interpret all of the data to find out the suitability of vocabulary teaching by EFL teachers in Junior High School.

**Result and Discussion**

Based on the survey done on November 5, 2021, the writer found valid data to answer the research question. The research finding in this research was gathered by the survey which consists of ten questions. The survey was presented in questionnaires by google form. The result of this research is classified into six-part they are (1) teacher preparation in teaching vocabulary, (2) strategies teachers’ used, (3) sources of vocabulary teaching, (4) kind of teacher question, (5) teacher activities during the teacher hiring process, and (6) students activities during the learning process.

*Teacher preparation in teaching vocabulary*

Based on the data from the questionnaire, the writer can gather what is the teachers’ preparation before starting the lessons. Some of the teachers prepare the material, media, lesson plan, guidance book question test. In each meeting, the teacher already has enough knowledge so they can teach vocabulary well. Based on the teachers’ Preparation above, the teacher can help students to concentrate to begin the lesson. The other teachers used dictionaries, video or games as a preparation for vocabulary teaching in Junior High School. With the implementation of video or games teachers can build initial knowledge and understanding of students. In each meeting teacher always uses the attractive game as part of the lesson.

*Sources of vocabulary teaching*

The sources of vocabulary teachers will be important in the teaching process. In general, sources in research can be divided into primary sources and also secondary sources. The primary sources by eyewitness and secondary sources from the letter, interview, questionnaires, and record. Based on the data from questionnaires, the teacher used textbooks, videos, pictures, and also reading material as sources. Percentage of textbook usage is 62%, video 50%, picture 50%, and reading material 50%. Based on the percentage above, all of the teachers used some sources that can support the teaching-learning process. All of the sources can enrich the teachers’ and students’ understanding of learning vocabulary. The sources of teaching vocabulary are shown in this chart follow.
Assessment is a way used by teachers to obtain data or information from the process of learning outcomes to determine the extent of students’ understanding. Based on the data from the questionnaire some of the teachers decided to use storytelling games, essays, and also multiple-choice as a kind of assessment. This strategies applied by teacher at SMP YaspenNurcahaya, SMP Islam As Shofa, SMP Pancabudi, SMP Batam School. Percentage of teacher who used storytelling 12.5%, game 37.5%, essay 50%, and multiple choice 75%. In these strategies, more teachers use multiple choice as a kind of assessment in teaching vocabulary. Because based on their experience multiple-choice is effective to evaluate students’ achievement. Using multiple-choice will be easier for students to answer the questions automatically. The students just choose the right option as an answer. The other teacher used Essay as a kind of assessment. This assessment is quite effective to improve students’ vocabulary. Because in this part, students can share and express their ideas without any limit. The Third kind of Assessment is Game, half of the teacher total as a respondent using the game as an assessment. In this strategy, teachers use a game as a medium to encourage students to master vocabulary fastly. And the last assessment is storytelling, storytelling is only chosen by a few teachers. Based on the teacher experience, storytelling is not very interesting for Junior High School without the right teaching aids. Storytelling will make a difficult for students on word order and passive dominance. The percentage of kinds of assessment is presented in the following chart.
Teachers’ activities during the teaching process

This activity will be an important part of teaching vocabulary because it can reach students’ level of understanding. Based on the survey, the activity of teachers in Bogor is adding some synonyms or giving some diction for improving vocabulary. It means the teacher gave some practice for a student that can increase students to memorize some new vocabulary. The activity of teacher who teaches in at course medan asks the student to read some textbook, find the difficult words and try to find out the meaning. In this activity, the teacher will guide them ask them to memorize. The teacher as the controller will get some information about the student achievement.

The teacher who teaches in the Pancabudi prepared the reading material, explain it in front of the class, and then give an exercise for students. Based on the teachers’ experience this activity can help students to master English vocabulary quickly. On their exercise, the teacher put some synonyms or gave some diction for improving their vocabulary.

The other teachers’ activity is evaluating. Evaluating is a measurement or improvement of the implementation of the learning process, such as comparing the results of activities that have been carried out. In this part, the teacher asks the students’ complaints and the obstacles faced by students. With the students’ complaints, the teacher as a facilitator can direct and monitor students to solve a problem. All of the respondents evaluate students in every single meeting or the next meeting.

Students’ activities during the teaching process

Students’ activities during the teaching process will be an important part of the successful teaching-learning process. After the teaching process, teachers let the students do some activities to improve their vocabulary. Some teachers ask the students to watch, listen, write difficult words, and remember those words.
Conclusion

In communication, the pressure isn't grammar, but rather the information that wanted to be conveyed was contained within the speaker's language. Therefore, the speaker tended to use simple and easy-to-understand patterns of sentence and vocabulary. Students still find many difficulties to understand the English text and answering reading questions because they are confused about the vocabulary can use. The EFL teacher's diverse and interesting use of methods and techniques for learners also a pleasant learning atmosphere will create learners who are enthusiastic to learn and accept everything presented by teachers are in the learning process. This means that teachers in the process of learning to teach can use visual things as a medium that is: videos, songs, picture sticks, pictures, flashcards, etc. So students can receive the learning materials very well. In this study, however, researchers chose pictures as teaching media that could develop and motivate students to learn English easily, including vocabulary. One of the critical components present in the learning activity is the textbook. Textbooks as teaching media serve to assist teachers in conveying the purposes of learning. Reading material as students' main learning, as well as the media image and video or movie as other means of making students interested in studying English. However, the main purpose of learning a foreign language is not to destroy 'Bahasa' itself but to help us better represent ourselves and be able to communicate with more people. Teachers function as facilitators, inspirators, motivators, and the teachers of learning to play a role in preparing for students. When English class well as a foreign language education in the classes contributed to the success of the English translation in Indonesia.

References

